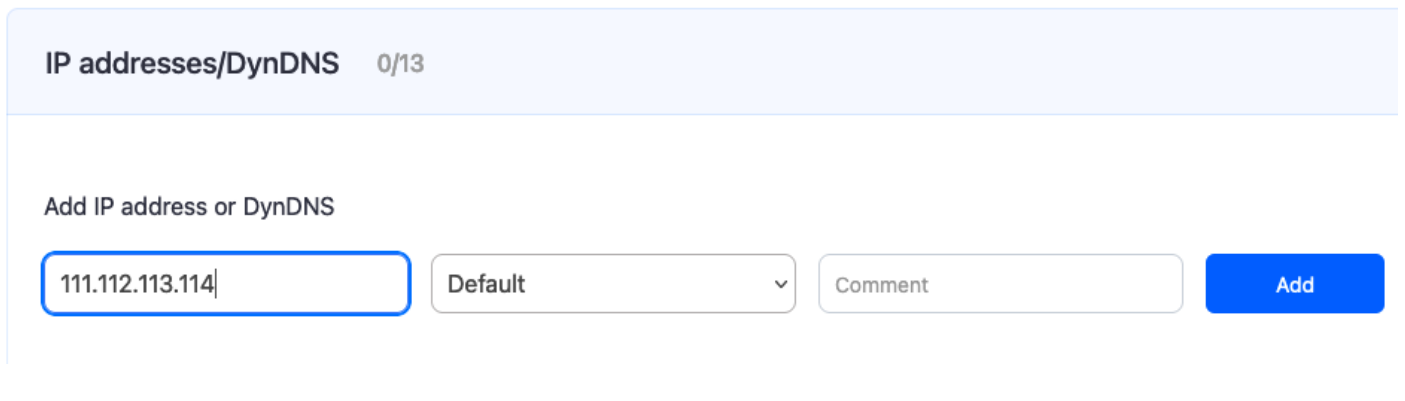


DNS-over-TLS using Stubby

The goal of the DNS-over-TLS protocol is to increase user privacy and security by preventing eavesdropping and manipulation of DNS data via man-in-the-middle attacks. With DoT, the content and response of the DNS query are encrypted.

Using this feature the SafeDNS service can identify users by their public IP address only. This feature does not work with the SafeDNS Agent or the SafeDNS VPN solution.

Before you start, please open your **SafeDNS Dashboard > Settings > Devices**. Enter your public IP address in the "**Enter an IP address or DynDNS**" field and click the "**Add**" button.



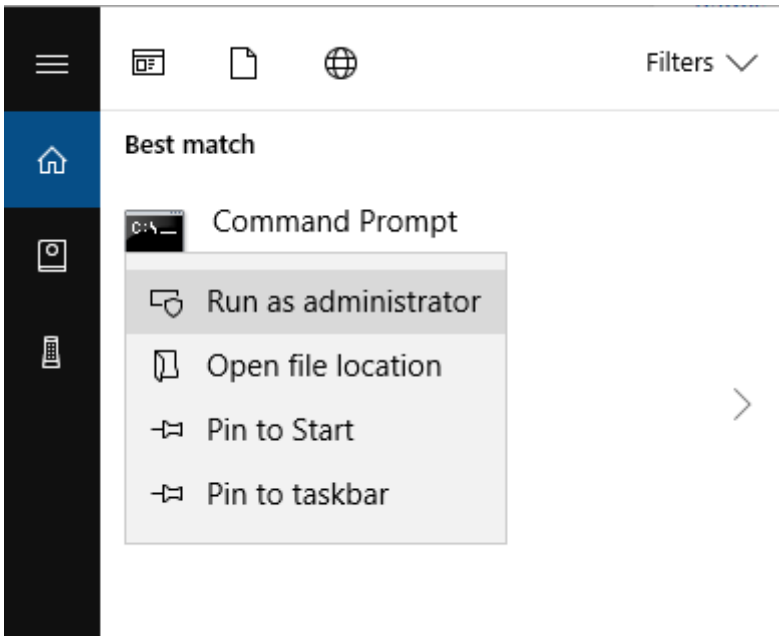
IP addresses/DynDNS 0/13

Add IP address or DynDNS

111.112.113.114 | Default | Comment | Add

Windows 10

1. [Download](#) and install a Stubby .msi package.
2. Run the Windows Command Prompt as administrator:



3. Go to the Stubby directory using the Command Prompt and open **stubby.yml** configuration file with Notepad:

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17134.407]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>cd "\Program Files\Stubby"

C:\Program Files\Stubby>notepad stubby.yml
```

4. Set settings following the example below:

```
resolution_type: GETDNS_RESOLUTION_STUB
dns_transport_list: GETDNS_TRANSPORT_TLS
tls_authentication: GETDNS_AUTHENTICATION_NONE tls_query_padding_blocksize: 128
edns_client_subnet_private: 0
idle_timeout: 10000
listen_addresses: - 127.0.0.1@53
round_robin_upstreams: 1
upstream_recursive_servers:
- address_data: 195.46.39.41
tls_auth_name: "dns-s.safedns.com"
- digest: "sha256"
value: kbv1ODr8gP7FV9/h2lp5t3sP4TdYZEwqUYj0mk0IBzg=
tls_pubkey_pinset:
```

5. Run the following command to replace the default DNS server with a local Stubby:

```
PowerShell -ExecutionPolicy bypass -file "C:\Program Files\Stubby\stubby_setdns_windows.ps1"
```

6. Run the **stubby.bat** file

```
C:\Program Files\Stubby>stubby.bat
C:\Program Files\Stubby>"C:\Program Files\Stubby\stubby.exe" -C "C:\Program Files\Stubby\stubby.yml" -l
[10:22:27.897691] STUBBY: Read config from file C:\Program Files\Stubby\stubby.yml
[10:22:27.902686] STUBBY: DNSSEC Validation is OFF
[10:22:27.904684] STUBBY: Transport list is:
[10:22:27.904684] STUBBY:   - TLS
[10:22:27.905683] STUBBY: Privacy Usage Profile is Opportunistic
[10:22:27.906683] STUBBY: (NOTE a Strict Profile only applies when TLS is the ONLY transport!!)
[10:22:27.908684] STUBBY: Starting DAEMON....
[10:22:29.174025] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Conn opened: TLS - Opportunistic Profile
[10:22:29.572942] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Verify passed : TLS
[10:22:36.929524] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Conn closed: TLS - Resps=    12, Timeout
Curr_auth =Success, Keepalive(ms)= 10000
[10:22:36.930488] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Upstream    : TLS - Resps=    12, Timeout
Best_auth =Success
[10:22:36.931469] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Upstream    : TLS - Conns=     1, Conn_fa
Conn_shuts=     1, Backoffs     =     0
[10:22:48.149489] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Conn opened: TLS - Opportunistic Profile
[10:22:54.879813] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Conn closed: TLS - Resps=    12, Timeout
Curr_auth =Success, Keepalive(ms)= 10000
[10:22:54.880814] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Upstream    : TLS - Resps=    24, Timeout
Best_auth =Success
[10:22:54.881811] STUBBY: 195.46.39.41           : Upstream    : TLS - Conns=     2, Conn_fa
Conn_shuts=     2, Backoffs     =     0
```

7. Check the filtering.

Linux (Ubuntu)

1. Install the Stubby package from a repository:

```
$ sudo apt install stubby
```

2. Set the configuration file **/etc/stubby/stubby.yml** as follows:

```
resolution_type: GETDNS_RESOLUTION_STUB
dns_transport_list: - GETDNS_TRANSPORT_TLS
tls_authentication: GETDNS_AUTHENTICATION_NONE
tls_query_padding_blocksize: 128
edns_client_subnet_private : 0
idle_timeout: 100000
listen_addresses: - 127.0.0.2@53
round_robin_upstreams: 1
upstream_recursive_servers:
```

```
- address_data: 195.46.39.41
tls_auth_name: "dns-s.safedns.com"
- digest: "sha256"
value: kbv1ODr8gP7FV9/h2lp5t3sP4TdYZEwqUYj0mk0lBzg=
tls_pubkey_pinset:
```

3. Change DNS in `/etc/resolv.conf` file to **127.0.0.2**:

```
nameserver 127.0.0.2
```

4. Start the filtering service

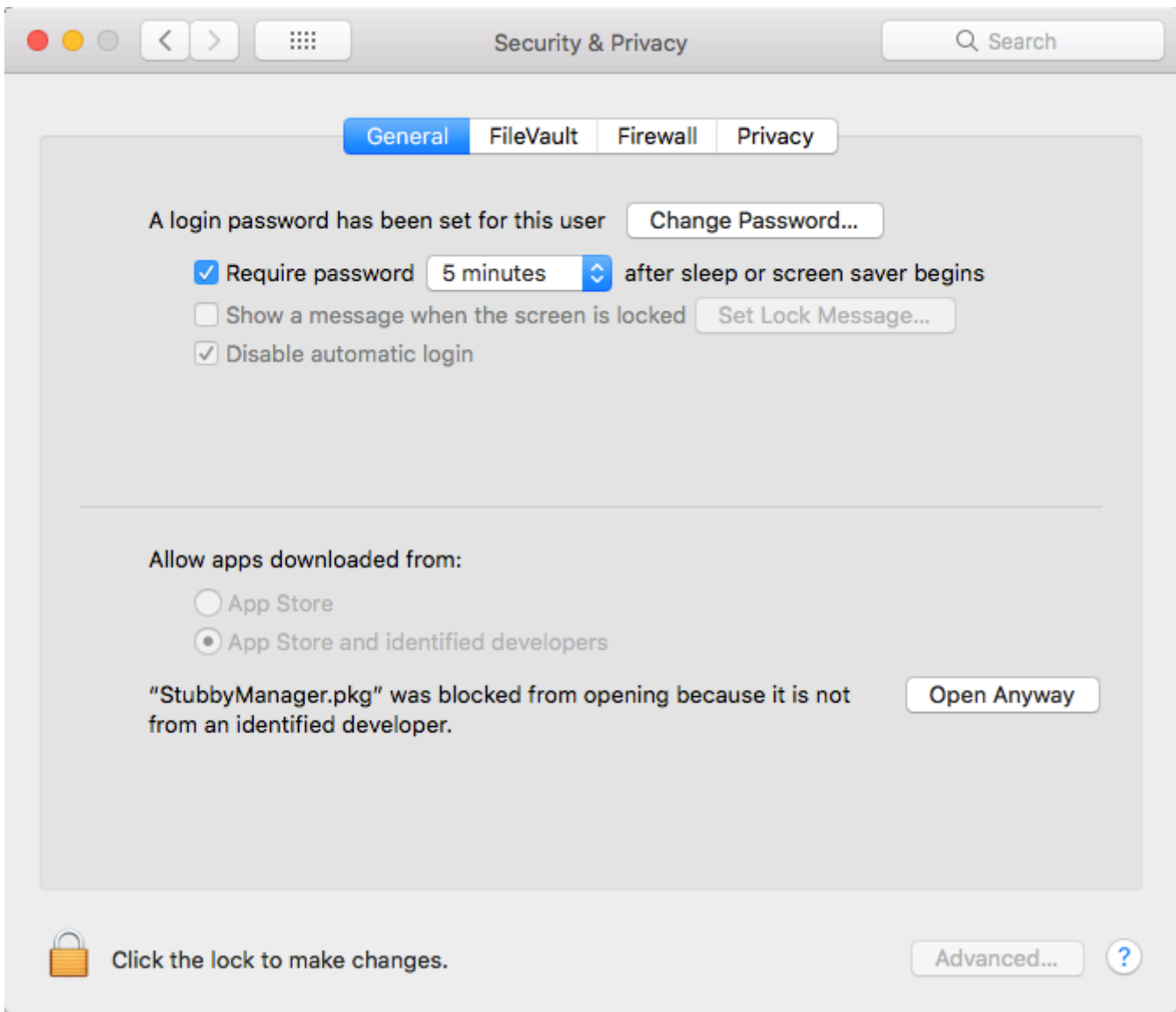
```
service stubby start
```

5. Check the filtering.

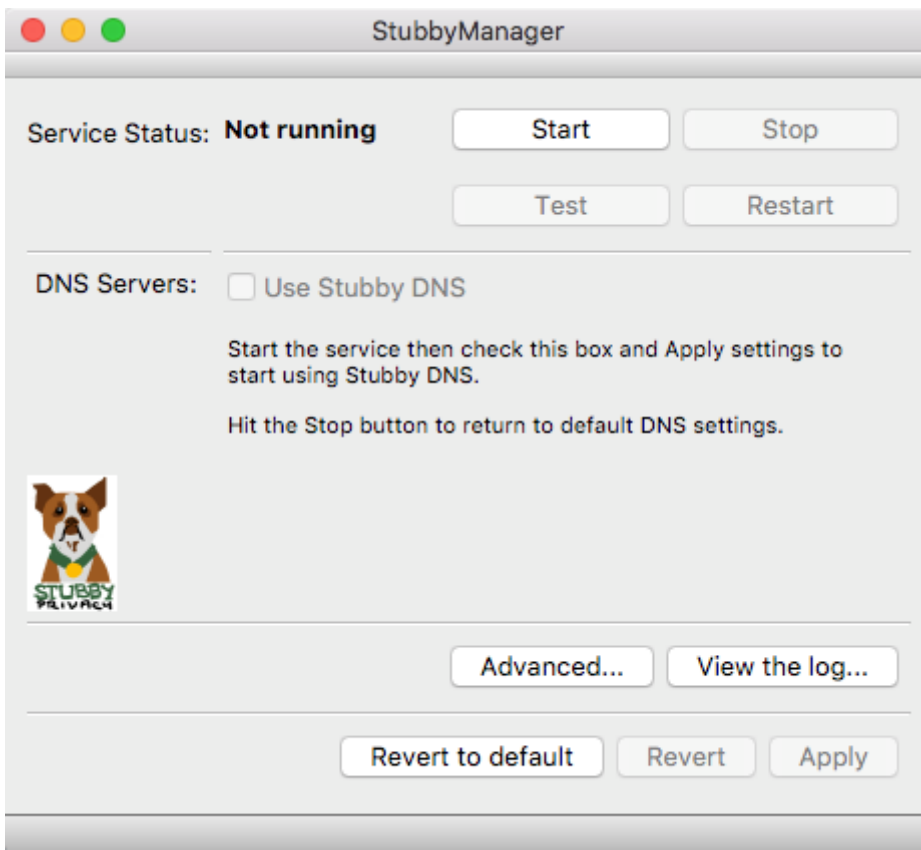
MacOS

1. [Download](#) and install the Stubby Manager package.

If you get a security alert, click on "**Open Anyway**" in the security settings.



2. Launch a Stubby Manager app after installation and click the "**Advanced**" button.

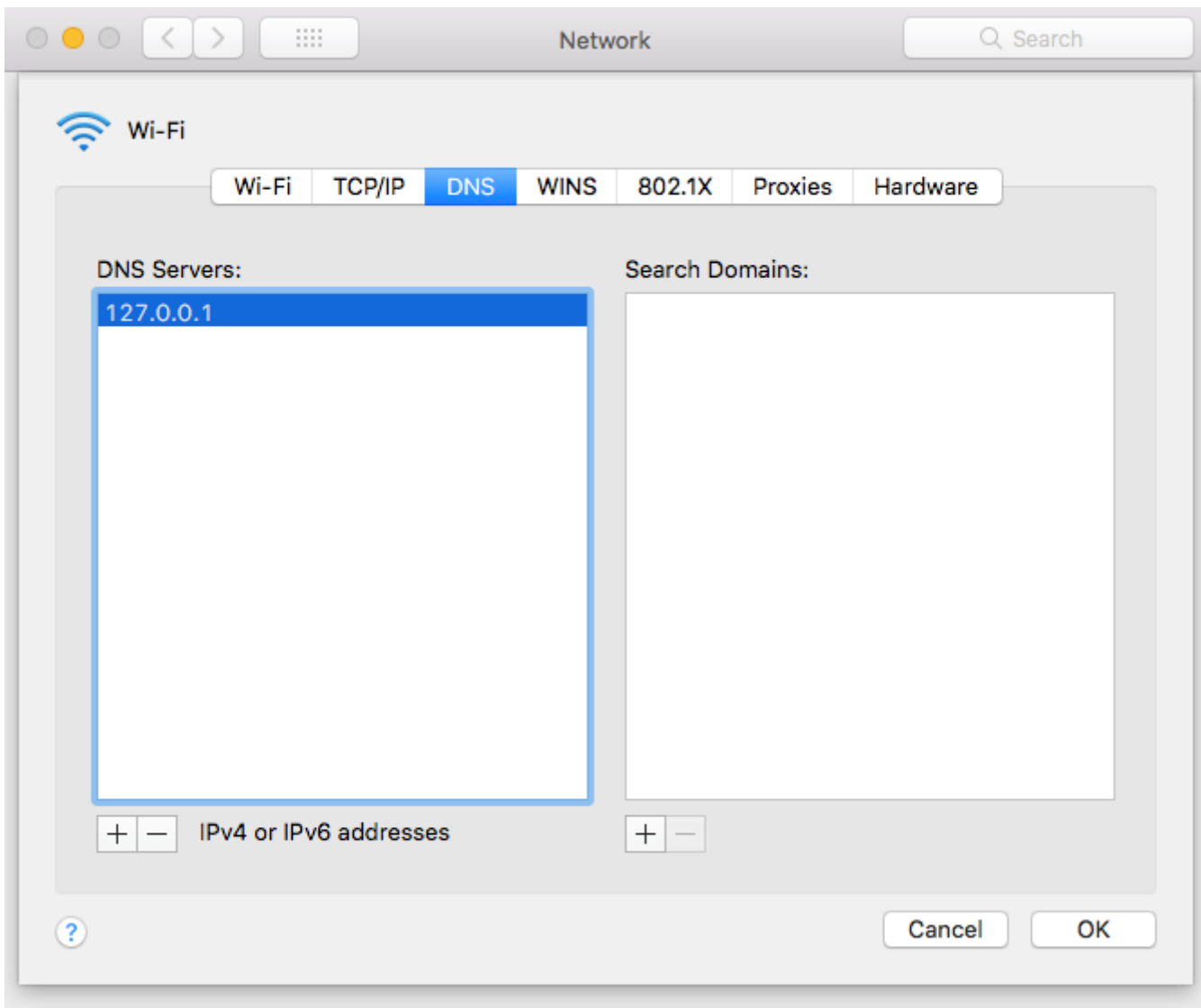


3. Set the configuration file as follows:

```
resolution_type: GETDNS_RESOLUTION_STUB
dns_transport_list: - GETDNS_TRANSPORT_TLS
tls_authentication: GETDNS_AUTHENTICATION_NONE
tls_query_padding_blocksize: 128
edns_client_subnet_private : 0
idle_timeout: 100000
listen_addresses: - 127.0.0.1@53
round_robin_upstreams: 1
upstream_recursive_servers:
- address_data: 195.46.39.41
tls_auth_name: "dns-s.safedns.com"
- digest: "sha256"
value: kbv1ODr8gP7FV9/h2lp5t3sP4TdYZEwqUYj0mk0IBzg=
tls_pubkey_pinset:
```

4. Apply the settings and click "**Start**".

5. Open "**Network Properties**" and set **127.0.0.1** as the DNS server.



6. Check the filtering.

Revision #5

Created 28 August 2022 23:21:31

Updated 24 July 2025 12:39:05 by Val Redman